

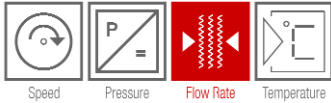
## FLUIDISTOR GAS FLOWMETER GD 100 (Ex)

for measuring of all technical and medical gases DN25 - DN400



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- Oscillating measuring principle, without moving parts
- Resistent to dirt, e.g. oil and rust residues in compressed-air systems
- Best results measuring wet biogas with a newly developed biogas-sensor
- Short response time  $T_{90} \leq 100$  ms
- High accuracy ( $\pm 1,5\%$  of true value)
- High reproducibility (0,1% of true value)
- Low loss of pressure
- Maximum operating pressure 40 bar, temperature 120°C
- Each flowmeter with calibration report
- Ex II 1 G EEX ia IIC T4 SP 03ATEX3614X (Standard)



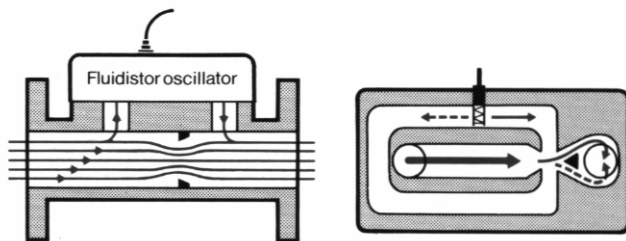
## Principle of measurement

The meter is a fluidistor oscillator with an oscillating frequency which is directly proportional to the gas passing through it.

The frequency / velocity ratio is constant for all gases within a large flow range. The volume per pulse is not affected by changes in gas density and viscosity.

The fluidistor works as a bypass to the main housing. The main flow is throttled by an orifice plate, thus creating the same flow coefficient as in the fluidistor. The flow through the fluidistor is a part of the total flow through the meter.

As there is a fixed ratio between these two flows, the oscillating frequency of the fluidistor is regarded as the measurement of the total flow through the meter.



The right hand picture shows a cross section of the fluidistor. The gas flow enters the meter on the left and leaves it through the connection to the right.

The flow alternately selects one of the two channels directly upstream of the outlet. The occurring oscillation is caused by the reciprocating flow within the U-shaped channel connecting the control channels.

The oscillating frequency is measured in the U-shaped channel by a hot wire sensor. The sensor can easily be replaced without removing the meter and does not have an influence on the calibration of the meter.

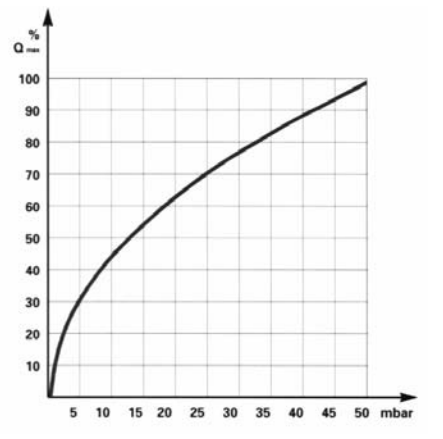
In the signal converter, the oscillations are amplified to a pulse or analogue signal to be received by a counter, a recorder or an indicating instrument.

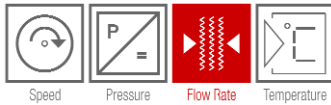
## Pressure loss / Pressure flow

The diagram applies to gases of air density at NTP, e.g. 0°C and 1000 mbar.

The decrease of pressure is always proportional to the gas density.

If e.g. the operating pressure rises by 100%, the pressure drop is double.





### Dimension and weight

| DN (NOMINAL WIDTH) | mm      |     |     |     |            | WEIGHT (kg) |
|--------------------|---------|-----|-----|-----|------------|-------------|
|                    | L       | D   | Dh  | H   | H WITH AVF |             |
| 25                 | 300     | 115 | 85  | 140 | 180        | 10          |
| 32                 | 300     | 140 | 100 | 160 | 200        | 11          |
| 40                 | 300     | 150 | 110 | 145 | 185        | 12          |
| 50                 | 300     | 165 | 125 | 145 | 185        | 13          |
| 65                 | 300     | 185 | 145 | 175 | 215        | 14          |
| 80                 | 300     | 200 | 160 | 160 | 205        | 20          |
| 100                | 300/360 | 220 | 180 | 190 | 230        | 23          |
| 125                | 300     | 250 | 210 | 245 | 285        | 20          |
| 150                | 350     | 285 | 240 | 240 | 280        | 26          |
| 200                | 350     | 340 | 295 | 265 | 305        | 36          |
| 250                | 450     | 405 | 355 | 290 | 330        | 53          |
| 300                | 350/500 | 460 | 410 | 320 | 360        | 70          |
| 350                | 500     | 520 | 470 | 335 | 375        | 83          |
| 400                | 500     | 580 | 525 | 400 | 400        | 90          |

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Flanges according to EN-1092-2



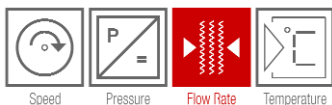
DN100 with orifice plate 3



### Option

AVF

Ball valve (Blocking valve)  
Removal / installation of the flow-sensor without emptying the system



## Technical details

The usage of the ball valve increases the availability of the plant. The installation / removal of the flow-sensor in the GD 100 can be carried out during operation.

During system engineering it has to be considered that the nominal width of the pipe must not be increased in order to avoid tampering the measurand. It is important that the defined measurement range of each nominal width must not be exceeded.

Measurand below the limit value  $Q_{\min}$  (flow range) can not be displayed.

## Technical data

|                         |   |
|-------------------------|---|
| METER SIZE              | DN25 to DN400   |
| PRESSURE-CLASSIFICATION | PN16 (standard),<br>PN25 and PN40 (option)  |
| TEMPERATURE             | -30 to +120°C; gas as well as environment<br>Max. 60°C Ex-model.  |
| MATERIAL                | Meter housing: cast iron or optional stainless steel 1.4571<br>Orifice plate: stainless steel<br>Fluidistor: polyethersulphone (PPS)<br>Sensor: platinum wire<br>Sealings: Silicon, nitrile or vitron<br>Protection class: IP65 |
| EX-MODEL                | II 1 G EEX ia IIC T4 SP 03ATEX3614X<br>ATEX-Certificate No. SPO6ATEX3634  |

For the measurement of wet biogas a newly developed sensor is available.

## Installation information

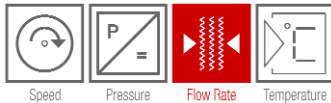
The meter can be installed in horizontal as well as vertical pipes.

In case of potential risk of condensate or liquid in the gas, the GD 100 has to be installed horizontally with the meterhead upwards.

Up-stream the meter requires a straight pipe length of  $10 \times DN$  ( $D$ =pipe diameter), downstream  $5 \times DN$  is required.

The gas velocity of an upstream flow may not exceed supersonic speeds anywhere. Thus supercritical pressure drops must be avoided.

To install the sensor cable, the cover of the GD 100 has to be lifted, therefore the device has to be installed at a minimum distance of 10 cm to the ceiling.



## Flow range

| DN<br>(mm) | m <sup>3</sup> /h |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |
|------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
|            | 1                 |                  | 2                |                  | 3                |                  |
|            | Q <sub>min</sub>  | Q <sub>max</sub> | Q <sub>min</sub> | Q <sub>max</sub> | Q <sub>min</sub> | Q <sub>max</sub> |
| 25         | 0,20              | 20               | 0,35             | 35               | 0,70             | 70               |
| 32         | 0,20              | 20               | 0,60             | 60               | 1,00             | 100              |
| 40         | 0,20              | 20               | 0,90             | 90               | 2,00             | 200              |
| 50         | 0,20              | 20               | 1,10             | 110              | 2,50             | 250              |
| 65         | 0,90              | 90               | 1,70             | 170              | 4,50             | 450              |
| 80         | 1,40              | 140              | 4,50             | 450              | 8,00             | 800              |
| 100        | 2,70              | 270              | 6,50             | 650              | 10,00            | 1000             |
| 125        | 4,00              | 400              | 8,00             | 800              | 15,00            | 1500             |
| 150        | 6,00              | 600              | 12,00            | 1200             | 30,00            | 3000             |
| 200        | 12,00             | 1200             | 25,00            | 2500             | 60,00            | 6000             |
| 250        | 20,00             | 2000             | 40,00            | 4000             | 75,00            | 7500             |
| 300        | 30,00             | 3000             | 50,00            | 5000             | 113,00           | 13000            |
| 350        | 40,00             | 4000             | 70,00            | 7000             | 140,00           | 14000            |
| 400        | 50,00             | 5000             | 100,00           | 10000            | 160,00           | 16000            |

## Accuracy of measurement

At low flow rates the density of the gas influences the accuracy.

Above the limit value ( $Q_t$ ), the accuracy is 1,5% of measuring value.

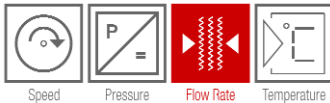
Below  $Q_t$  the accuracy is 5% of the measuring value.

### Example:

At a density of  $x \text{ kg/m}^3$  the limit value is  
 $Q_t = x \% \text{ of } Q_{\text{max}}$

| Density               |   | Limit value $Q_t$ |
|-----------------------|---|-------------------|
| 0,5 kg/m <sup>3</sup> | = | 16 %              |
| 1,0 kg/m <sup>3</sup> | = | 8 %               |
| 2,0 kg/m <sup>3</sup> | = | 4 %               |
| 4,0 kg/m <sup>3</sup> | = | 2 %               |
| 8,0 kg/m <sup>3</sup> | = | 1 %               |

Natural gas with a methan component of 85 %  
 a density of 0,85 kg/m<sup>3</sup> is assumed.



## EVALUATION ELECTRONICS

### Flow Rate Correction Calculator GDR 1403 for all technical and medical gases

The Flow Rate-Correction Calculator detects the impulse signals of up to two fluidistor gas flow meters GD 100 using 1 or 2 channels. According to the assignment it converts the impulse signals into m<sup>3</sup>/h or Nm<sup>3</sup>/h. The actual flow rate is displayed in m<sup>3</sup>/h resp. Nm<sup>3</sup>/h or the quantity in m<sup>3</sup> resp. Nm<sup>3</sup> on the LCD-display.

For further information see datasheet DS 303 E.

### CHP Gas Monitor GDR 1404 for the sector biogas

In addition to the calculation of flow, the GDR 1404 offers the following functions:

- Calculation of efficiency (ETA)
- Calculation of feeding loss (EVU)
- Integration of various gas analysis

For further information see datasheet DS 307 E.

### Fermenter-Gas-Controller GDR 1406 for the sector biogas

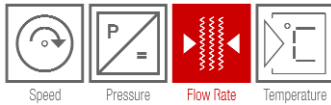
In addition to the calculation of flow at the fermenter, the GDR 1406 offers the following functions:

- Integrated gate control for the feeding pressure control in the gas collecting pipe
- Control of under- and overpressure at filling and withdrawal at the fermenter

For further information see datasheet DS 308 E.

The devices share the following options:

- Integrated recorder to log measured values in the ring buffer (2 GB) for fast identification of faults during operation
- Saving logged data in external SQL-database using the Energy Management and Configuration Software E3DM
- Visualisation of data in time series using the Energy Management and Configuration Software E3DM
- Integration into IT-networks via Ethernet TCP/IP
- Data transfer via PROFIBUS-DP, Modbus-RTU, Modbus-TCP, Ethernet/IP

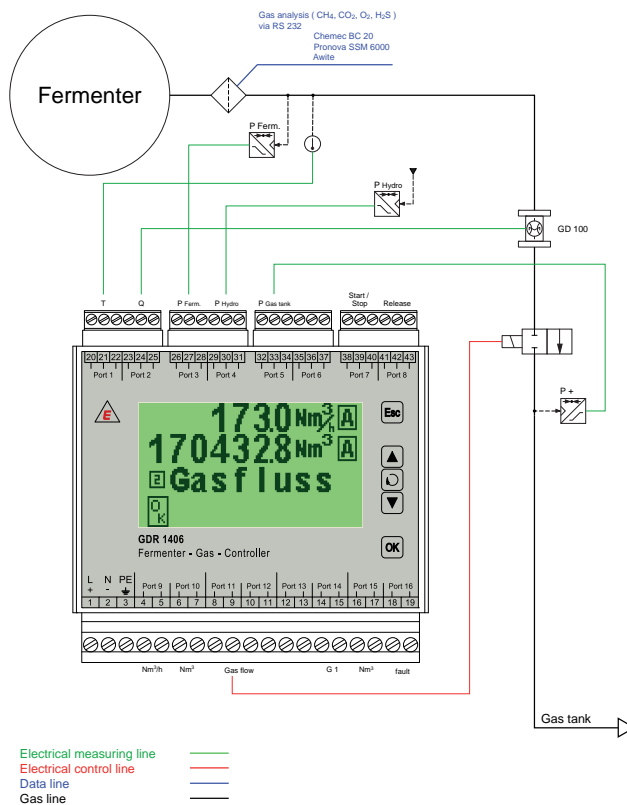


## Ordering information

|    |  |
|----|--|
| A) | Minimum flow rate (m <sup>3</sup> /h)                          |
| B) | Maximum flow rate (m <sup>3</sup> /h)                          |
| C) | Medium, e.g. wet biogas  |
| D) | Nominal width DN (e.g. DN50)                                   |
| E) | Operating pressure (bar)                                       |
| F) | Operating temperature (°C)                                     |
| G) | Maximum pressure loss (mbar)                                   |
| H) | Display in Nm <sup>3</sup> /h or m <sup>3</sup> /h             |
| I) | 4 - 20 mA and impulse output                                   |
| J) | BUS-output, e.g. PROFIBUS-DP, Modbus-RTU, instead of mA-output |

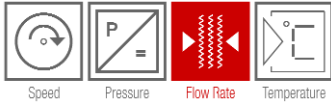
## Application example

### Fermenter-Gas-Controller GDR 1406 with control of the feed pressure

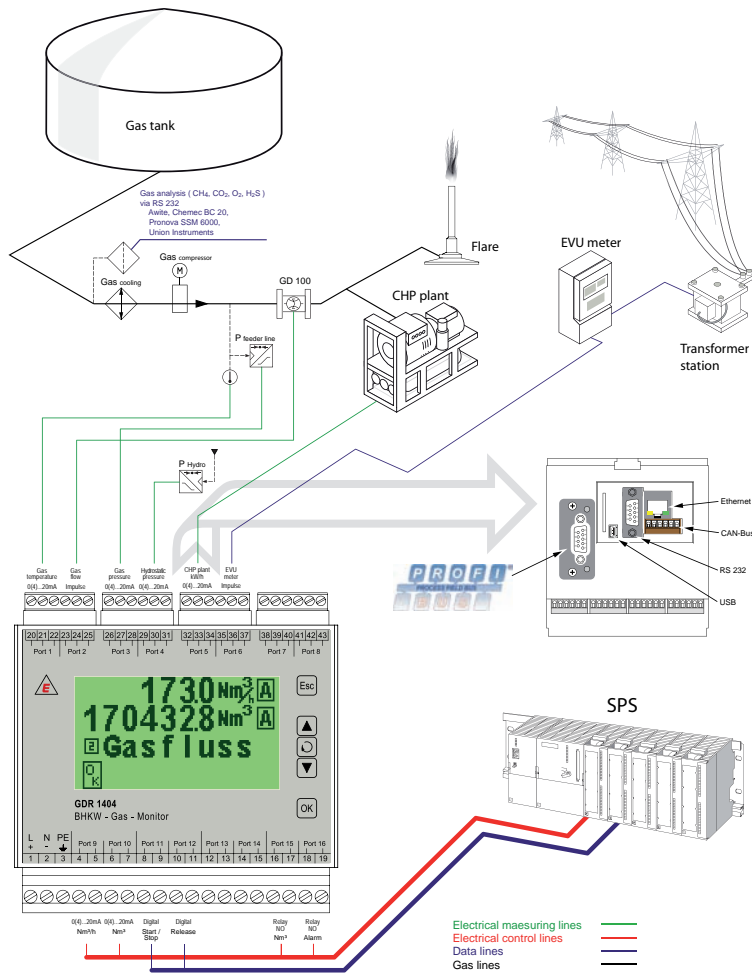


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## CHP Gas Monitor GDR 1404 with gas engine



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**Your local contact:**